Unstructured Information Processing with Apache UIMA

NYC Search and Discovery Meetup

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Outline

- Intro and Tutorial
 - What is UIMA
 - Mini-Tutorial
- W3C Corpus Processing
 - TREC Enterprise Track
- Advanced Topics
 - Custom Flow Controllers
 - UIMA Asynchronous Scale-out
 - Things I'm interested in improving



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What is UIMA

- UIMA is a framework, a means to integrate text or other unstructured information analytics.
- Reference implementations available for Java, C++ and others.
- An Open Source project under the umbrella of the Apache Foundation.



Analytics Frameworks

- Find all telephone numbers in running text
 - (((\([0-9]{3}\)))|[0-9]{3})-? [0-9]{3}-?[0-9]{4}
- Nice but...
 - How are you going to feed this further processing?
 - What about finding non-standard proper names in text?
 - Acquiring technology from external vendors, free software projects, etc?



In-line Annotations

- Modify text to include annotations
 - This/DET happy/ADJ puppy/N
- It gets very messy very quickly
 - (S (NP (This/DET happy/ADJ puppy/N) (VP eats/V (NP (the/DET bone/N)))
- Annotations can easily cross boundaries of other annotations
 - He said <confidential>the project can't go own. The funding is lacking.</confidential>



Standoff Annotations

- Standoff annotations
 - Do not modify the text
 - Keep the annotations as offsets within the original text
- Most analytics frameworks support standoff annotations.
- UIMA is built with standoff annotations at its core.
- Example:

```
He said the project can't go own. The funding is lacking.

0123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678
```

- Sentence Annotation: 0-33, 36-58.
- Confidential Annotation: 8-58.





Type Systems

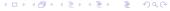
- Key to integrating analytic packages developed by independent vendors.
- Clear metadata about
 - Expected Inputs
 - Tokens, sentences, proper names, etc
 - Produced Outputs
 - Parse trees, opinions, etc
- The framework creates an unified typesystem for a given set of annotators being run.



Many frameworks

- Besides UIMA
 - http://incubator.apache.org/uima
- LingPipe
 - http://alias-i.com/lingpipe/
- Gate
 - http://gate.ac.uk/





UIMA Advantages

- Apache Licensed
- Enterprise-ready code quality
- Demonstrated scalability
- Developed by experts in building frameworks
 - Not domain (e.g., NLP) experts
- Interoperable (C++, Java, others)



About The Speaker

- PhD in CS, Columbia University (NY)
 - Natural Language Generation
- Joined IBM Research in 2005
 - Worked in
 - Question Answering
 - Expert Search
 - DeepQA (Jeopardy!)
- Recently joined the UIMA group
 - mailto:pablo.duboue@gmail.compablo





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UIMA Concepts

- Common Annotation Structure or CAS
 - Subject of Analysis (SofA or View)
 - JCas
- Feature Structures
 - Annotations
- Indices and Iterators
- Analysis Engines (AEs)
 - AEs descriptors



Room annotator

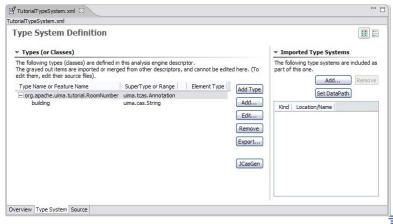
 From the UIMA tutorial, write an Analysis Engine that identifies room numbers in text.

```
Yorktown patterns: 20-001, 31-206, 04-123 (Regular
            Expression Pattern: [0-9][0-9]-[0-2][0-9][0-9])
Hawthorne patterns: GN-K35, 1S-L07, 4N-B21 (Regular
            Expression Pattern: [G1-4][NS]-[A-Z][0-9])
```

- Steps:
 - Define the CAS types that the annotator will use.
 - Generate the Java classes for these types.
 - Write the actual annotator Java code.
 - Create the Analysis Engine descriptor.
 - Test the annotator.



Editing a Type System





The XML descriptor

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
  <tvpeSystemDescription xmlns="http://uima.apache.org/resourceSpecifier">
    <name>TutorialTypeSystem</name>
   <description>Type System Definition for the tutorial examples -
       as of Exercise 1</description>
    <vendor>Apache Software Foundation/vendor>
   <version>1.0
   <types>
      <tvpeDescription>
        <name>org.apache.uima.tutorial.RoomNumber
        <description></description>
        <supertypeName>uima.tcas.Annotation/supertypeName>
        <features>
         <featureDescription>
            <name>building</name>
            <description>Building containing this room</description>
            <rangeTypeName>uima.cas.String</rangeTypeName>
         </featureDescription>
        </features>
      </typeDescription>
   </types>
  </typeSystemDescription>
```





The AE code

```
package org.apache.uima.tutorial.ex1:
import java.util.regex.Matcher:
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
import org.apache.uima.analysis component.JCasAnnotator ImplBase:
import org.apache.uima.jcas.JCas;
import org.apache.uima.tutorial.RoomNumber;
/* *
 * Example annotator that detects room numbers using
 * Java 1.4 regular expressions.
public class RoomNumberAnnotator extends JCasAnnotator ImplBase {
  private Pattern mYorktownPattern =
        Pattern.compile("\b[0-4]\d-[0-2]\d\d\b]):
  private Pattern mHawthornePattern =
        Pattern.compile("\b[G1-4][NS]-[A-Z]\d\d\b");
  public void process(JCas aJCas) {
    // next slide
```





The AE code (cont.)

```
public void process(JCas aJCas) {
    // get document text
    String docText = aJCas.getDocumentText();
    // search for Yorktown room numbers
    Matcher matcher = mYorktownPattern.matcher(docText);
    int pos = 0;
    while (matcher.find(pos)) {
        // found one - create annotation
        RoomNumber annotation = new RoomNumber(aJCas);
        annotation.setBegin(matcher.start());
        annotation.setBegin(matcher.end());
        annotation.setBuilding("Yorktown");
        annotation.addToIndexes();
        pos = matcher.end();
    }
    // search for Hawthorne room numbers
    // ...
}
```



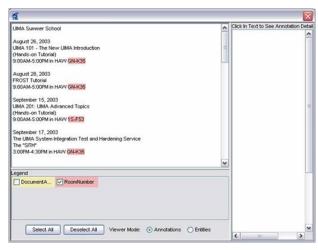
UIMA Document Analyzer

₫ Document Analyzer		
File Help		
WA U	nstructured Information Management Architecture An Apache Incubator Project.	
Input Directory:	examples\data	Browse
Output Directory:	examples\data\processed	Browse
Location of Analysis Engine XML Descriptor:	examples\descriptors\analysis_engine\PersonTitleAnnotator.xml	Browse
XML Tag containing Text (optional):		
Language:	en 💌	
Character Encoding:	UTF-8	
	Run Interactive View	





UIMA Document Analyzer (cont)







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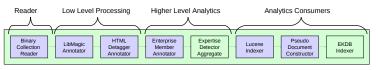
An Example

- TREC 2006 enterprise track
- Search for experts in W3C Website
 - Given topic, find expert in topic
- The IBM Enterprise Track 2006 Team
 - Guillermo Averboch, Jennifer Chu-Carroll, Pablo A Duboue, David Gondek, J William Murdock and John Prager.



Corpus Processing: Generalities







Pipeline

- Reader
 - Binary Collection Reader
- Low Level Processing
 - LibMagic Annotator
 - HTML Detagger Annotator
- Higher Level Analytics
 - Enterprise Member Annotator
 - Expertise Detector Aggregate
- Analytics Consumers
 - Lucene Indexer
 - Pseudo Document Constructor
 - EKDB Indexer



Binary Collection Reader

- Reads the TREC XML format
- 300,000+ documents (a full crawl of the w3.org site)
- Binary format, to allow auto-detection of file type, encoding, etc.



LibMagic Annotator

- Uses "magic" numbers to heuristically guess the file type.
- JNI wrapper to libmagic in Linux.
- Non-supported file types are dropped.
- UIMA can run this remotely from a Windows machine.



HTML Detagger Annotator

- For documents identified as HTML, parse them and extract the text.
- Perform also encoding detection (utf-8 vs. iso-8859-1).
- Other detaggers (not shown) are applied to other file formats.



Enterprise Member Annotator

- Detects inside running text the occurrence of any variant of the 1,000+ experts for the Enterprise Track.
- Dictionary extended with name variants.
- Simple TRIE-based implementation.



Expertise Detector Aggregate

- Hierarchical aggregate of 16 annotators leveraging existing technology into a new "expertise detection" annotator.
- Includes a named-entity detector and a relation detector for semantic patterns.



Lucene Indexer

- Integration with Open Source technology.
- Indexes the tokens from the text.
- The UIMA framework also contains JuruXML, an indexer for semantic information.



Pseudo Document Constructor

- Uses the name occurrences to create a "pseudo" document with all text surrounding each expert name.
- The pseudo documents are indexed off-line.



EKDB Indexer

- Stores extracted entities and relations in a relational database.
- Standards-based (JDBC, RDF).
- Employed in a variety of research applications for search and inference.



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Custom Flow Controllers

- UIMA allows you to specify which AE will receive the CAS next, based on all the annotations on the CAS.
- examples/descriptors/flow_controller/WhiteboardFlowController.xml
 - FlowController implementing a simple version of the "whiteboard" flow model. Each time a CAS is received, it looks at the pool of available AEs that have not yet run on that CAS, and picks one whose input requirements are satisfied. Limitations: only looks at types, not features. Does not handle multiple Sofas or CasMultipliers.



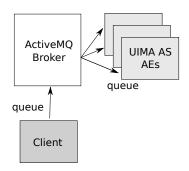
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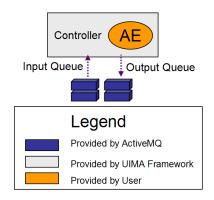
UIMA AS: ActiveMQ







UIMA AS: Wrapping Primitive AEs





UIMA AS: More information

- http://incubator.apache.org/uima/doc-uimaas-what.html
- http://svn.apache.org/viewvc/incubator/uima/uima\discretionary{-}{}{}as/trunk/ uima-as-distr/src/main/readme/README?view=markup
- http://incubator.apache.org/uima/downloads/releaseDocs/2.3.0\ discretionary{-}{}{incubating/docs-uima-as/html/uima_async_scaleout/uima_ async_scaleout.html





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Descriptorless Primitive Analysis Engines

 Java 5 introduced annotations for metadata associated with Java classes.

import org.apache.uima.annotation.*;

- The UIMA primitive AEs descriptor files fall squarely within their intended use cases.
- Example:

```
@UimaPrimitive(
  description="Identifies_room_numbers_on_text_f
  typesystem="org/apache/uima/examples/roomtypes)
public class RoomNumberAnnotator extends JCasAn
```

CASIess JCas Types

- A common use case within UIMA is to do some processing and then kept some results outside the CAS.
 - These results are used with application level logic, outside the UIMA framework.
- Because the JCas types are only available when tied to a CAS, they cannot be used within application logic.
 - Copying information to POJOs that re-create the JCas types is a frequent and tedious task.
- Proposal: have JCasGen produce both CAS-backed and CAS-less implementation of the type defined in the type system.
 - With methods to bridge between the two.



Summary

- UIMA is a production ready framework for unstructured information processing.
- UIMA is a framework and it contains little or no annotators.
- It is an efficient framework that requires commitment on behalf of its practitioners.
- Outlook
 - As an open source project, new contributors are always welcomed.
 - There are a number of things I am personally interested in working with other people interested in UIMA.

